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Grammar

Many of the verbs that you will want to use are already in the verb dictionary or in the Lenape Talking Dictionary. However, you may want to form verbs that are not in either dictionary. If you have a stem or one form of the verb, then you can work backwards using these rules.

Basic Patterns for Person Marking

For all verb forms, you will use the same prefixes to express person. First-person is *I/we*, second-person is *you/you all*, and third person is *she/he/they*. For now, we will just look at singular forms, *I*, *you*, and *she/he*.

Note: for ‘third person’ forms, the verb may just be translated as ‘he verbs.’ Remember that male and female gender is not distinguished on verbs: any of these verbs could also mean ‘she verbs.’

First person: *n-*

Second person: *k-*

Third person: \emptyset

In some cases, a vowel comes between the prefix and the verb stem.

manunksi ‘to be angry’ (*nemanunksi, kemanunksi, manunksu*)

For other verbs, no vowel comes between the prefix and the verb stem.

palsi ‘to be sick’ (*mpalsi, kpalsi, palsu*)

shielintam ‘to be sad, to be sorry’ (*nshielintam, kshielintam, shielintam*)

shilenche ‘to wash hands’ (*nshilenche, kshilenche, shilenche*)

Some resources put an apostrophe (‘) between the prefix and the verb stem.

lanpatu ‘to rinse it’ (*n’lanpatun, k’lanpatun, lanpatun*)

Changes in the Verb Stem

- (1) If a verb starts with a vowel (*a*), then it will start with a *t*- when it takes first- and second-person prefixes

ahpin 'to be here, to exist (animate)' (*ntapi, ktapi, ahpu*)

alai 'to hunt' (*ntalai, ktalai, alai*)

amwi 'to get up' (*ntamwi, ktamwi, amu*)

akohchi 'to be cold' (*ntakohchi, ktakohchi, akohchu*)

ahponhe 'to bake bread' (*ntahponhe, ktahponhe, ahponhe*)

There are exceptions, but they are more rare.

ame 'to fish' (*ame, ame, ame*)

- (2) If a stem starts with *k*-, then don't add another *k*- in the second-person form

keshihela 'to run' (*nkeshihela, kshihela, keshihele*)

kwetki 'to return' (*nkwetki, kwetki, kwetki*)

kesi 'to be hot' (*nkesi, kesi, kesu*)

Changes in Stem Vowels for Third Person

As a general rule, the *first vowel in the stem* is guaranteed to *stay the same* in every form *except third person*. For some verbs, the vowels might stay the same in third person, but here are a few common changes:

(1) $a \rightarrow o$

katatam 'to want it' (*nkatatamen, katatamen, kotatamen*)

tatun 'to put/place it' (*ntatun, ktatun, totun*)

(2) $a \rightarrow e$

alakihele 'to jump around' (*ntalakihele, ktalakihele, elakihele*)

a 'to go' (*nta, kta, e*)

(3) $V \rightarrow wV$

meshatamen 'to remember it' (*nemeshatamen, kemeshatamen, mweshatamen*)

pentam 'to hear/understand it' (*mpentamen, kpentamen, pwentamen*)

penam 'to look at it' (*mpenamen, kepenamen, pwenamen*)

(4) $e \rightarrow u$ In all first- and second- person forms of verbs whose stem starts with *w-*. After changing *e* into *u*, delete the *w-*.

welamalsin 'to feel well' (*nulamalsi, kulamalsi, welamalsu*)

welinakw 'to look good, do good work' (*nulinakwsi, kulinakwsi, welinakwsu*)

For other stems that start with *w-* but which have *i-* as their first vowel, there is no change in vowel in first- and second-person forms. The *w-* also remains.

wishasi 'to be frightened' (*newishasi, kewishasi, wishasu*)

wikwihele 'to be tired' (*newikwihela, kwikwihela, wikiwihele*)

wink 'I like to' (*newinki, kewinki, winki*)

Conjugating Intransitive (Action and Descriptive) Verbs

I verb	n-stem + V	we verb	n-stem + Vhena
you verb	k-stem + V	we verb	k-stem + Vhena
he verbs	s ^w tem + V	you all verb	k-stem + Vhemo
		they verb	s ^w tem + aok
			uwak
			eyok

The “V” in each suffix stands for “vowel.” The vowel used as the suffix for first and second person will vary (-a, -e, -i). You must learn these when you learn each verb.

Once you know the vowel found on the end of the first- and second-person forms, you can predict the third-person suffix using the chart below:

Singular:

If first- and second-person forms end in –a, the third-person suffix is –e

If first- and second-person forms end in –i, the third-person suffix is –u

Plural:

If third-person singular form ends in –a, plural ending is –aok

e.g. *puhenema* ‘he drums’ → *puhenemaok* ‘they drum’

If third person singular form ends in –u, plural ending is –uwak

e.g., *melimu* ‘he cries’ → *melimuwak* ‘they cry’

If third-person singular form ends in –e, plural ending is –eyok

e.g., *ahponhe* ‘he bakes bread’ → *ahponheyok* ‘they bake bread’

Special conditions for stems that end in vowels:

If the verb stem ends in a vowel, a *w-* is often added between the vowel that comes at the end of the stem and the suffix vowel. For example:

asu ‘to sing’
ntasuwi ‘I sing’
ntasuwihena ‘we (excl.) sing’

If the stem ends in a –*u* and the suffix is also –*u* (remember: only third-person suffixes will be –*u*), keep both *u*’s:

asu ‘to sing’ → *asuu* ‘he sings’

Intransitive action verbs with one (or more) irregular endings:

wëlelintàm - to be glad
shielintam – to be sad, sorry

third-person plural irregular: *wëlelintàmuk* – they are glad
 third-person plural irregular: *shielintàmuk* – they are sad

Using Intransitive Descriptive Verbs (AKA “Adjectives”)

In this section, I will refer to ‘intransitive descriptive verbs’ as ‘adjectives’ and ‘color words’ for convenience. Remember, however, that all ‘adjectives’ and ‘color words’ in Lenape are actually verbs. Colors (e.g., red, green, white) and other adjectives (e.g., old, new, expensive) work slightly differently from each other, so we will look at them separately.

COLOR TERMS

Inanimate Nouns

(A) NOUN is COLOR

Use the same verb endings that you would use for intransitive descriptive and action verbs (-e, -eyok). The noun is preceded by an article (*ne, nel, yu, yuli*)

For example:

The shirt is white

Ope ne hempes

The blankets are green

Askaskweyok yuli ahkwiyana

(B) COLOR NOUN

Again, use the same verb endings that you would use for intransitive descriptive and action verbs (-e, -eyok), but put the color word in front of the noun.

For example:

White shirt

Ope hempes

Green blanket

Askaskweyok ahkwiyana

Animate Nouns:

(A) NOUN is COLOR

The color word ends in *-su* (if singular) and *-suwak* (if plural)

For example:

The bobcat is spotted

Sesapsu na chingwe

Those skunks are black

Seksuwak nek shkakok

(B) COLOR NOUN

The color word ends in *-it* (if singular) and *-itchik* (if plural).

For example:

Spotted bobcat

Sesapit chingwe

Black skunks

Seksitchik shkakok

OTHER ADJECTIVES

Inanimate nouns

(A) NOUN is ADJECTIVE

Use the same verb endings that you would use for intransitive descriptive and action verbs (-e, -eyok). The noun is preceded by an article (*ne, nel, yu, yuli*).

For example:

The pot is new	<i>Wesken ne wekhatus</i>
These bracelets are expensive	<i>Ahowteyok yuli tepinxkepi</i>

(B) ADJECTIVE NOUN

The adjective ends in *-i* for both singular and plural nouns.

For example:

New pot	<i>Weskeni wekhatus</i>
Expensive bracelets	<i>Ahowti tepinxkepia</i>

Animate nouns

(A) NOUN is ADJECTIVE

Use the same verb endings that you would use for intransitive descriptive and action verbs (-e, -eyok). The noun is preceded by an article (*ne, nel, yu, yuli*).

For example:

The crow is tired	<i>Wikiwihele na ahas</i>
These crows are tired	<i>Wikiwiheleyok nek ahasak</i>

(B) ADJECTIVE NOUN

The adjective ends in *-i* for both singular and plural nouns.

For example:

Tired crow	<i>Wikiwiheli ahas</i>
Tired crows	<i>Wikiwiheli ahasak</i>

Conjugating Transitive Inanimate Verbs

<u>SINGULAR SUBJECT</u>			
<u>Singular Object</u>		<u>Plural Object</u>	
I verb it	n-stem + en	I verb them	n-stem + ena
you verb it	k-stem + en	you verb them	k-stem + ena
he verbs it	s ^w tem + en	he verbs them	s ^w tem + ena
<u>PLURAL SUBJECT</u>			
<u>Singular Object</u>		<u>Plural Object</u>	
we verb it	n-stem + enen	we verb them	n-stem + enena
we verb it	k-stem + enen	we verb them	k-stem + enena
you all verb it	k-stem + eneyo	you all verb them	k-stem + eneyo
they verb it	s ^w tem + eneyo	they verb them	s ^w tem + eneyo

Irregularities appear relatively rarely. One exception is:

alai ‘to hunt’

third-person plural irregular: *alaihtit* ‘they hunt’

Conjugating Transitive Animate Verbs

<u>DIRECT</u>			
<u>Singular Object</u>		<u>Plural Object</u>	
I verb him	n-stem + a	I verb them	n-stem + aok
you verb him	k-stem + a	you verb them	k-stem + aok
he verbs him	s ^w tem + ao	he verbs them	s ^w tem + ao(k)
we verb him	n-stem + awena	we verb them	n-stem + awenanak
we verb him	k-stem + awena	we verb them	k-stem + awenenak
you all verb him	k-stem + awa	you all verb them	k-stem + awaok
they verb him	s ^w tem + awoo (awao)	they verb them	s ^w tem + awoo (awao)
<u>INVERSE</u>			
<u>Singular Subject</u>		<u>Plural Subject</u>	
he verbs me	n-stem + akw	they verb me	n-stem + kuk
he verbs you	k-stem + akw	they verb you	k-stem + kuk
he verbs him	s ^w tem + ku	they verb him	s ^w tem + ku
he verbs us	n-stem + kuna	they verb us	n-stem + kunanak
he verbs us	k-stem + kuna	they verb us	k-stem + kunanak
he verbs you all	k-stem + kuwa	they verb you all	k-stem + kuwaok
he verbs them	s ^w tem + kuwoo	they verb them	s ^w tem + kuwoo
<u>LOCAL PARADIGM</u>			
you verb me	k-stem + i	I verb you	k-stem + el
you verb us	k-stem + ihena	I verb you all	k-stem + uhemo
you all verb me	k-stem + ihemo	we verb you	k-stem + uhena
you all verb us	k-stem + ihena	we verb you all	k-stem + uhena

Some transitive animate verbs show variation in certain endings:

new - to see someone

weneyook - they see him
 expected: weneyoo
 keneyukuwo - he sees you all
 expected: keneyukuwa
 wenekuk - he sees them
 expected: weneyukuwoo
 or: wenekuwoo

weneyook - they see them
 expected: weneyoo
 kenehkuwook - they see you all
 expected: keneyukuwaok
 wenekuk - they see them
 expected: weneyukuwoo
 or: wenekuwoo

uwah - to know someone

uwahaak – he knows them
 expected: uwahkuwoo

uwahaak – they know them
 expected: uwahkuwoo

Descriptive Intransitive Verbs

alami - to be afraid (long term)

(1)

ntalami - I am afraid
ktalami - you are afraid
alamu - she/he is afraid

ntalamihena - we are afraid
ktalamihena - we are afraid
ktalamihemo - you all are afraid
alamuwak - they are frightened

manunksi - to be angry

(13)

nemanunksi - I am angry
kemanunksi - you are angry
manunksu - she/he is angry

nemanunsihena - we are angry
kemanunsihena - we are angry
kemanunsihemo - you all are angry
manunksuwak - they are angry

akohchi - to be cold

(2)

ntakohchi - I am cold
ktakohchi - you are cold
akohchu - he/she is cold

takohchihena - we are cold
ktakohchihena - we are cold
ktakohchihemo - you all are cold
akohchuwak - they are cold

welamalsin - to feel well

(1)

nulamalsi - I am well
kulamalsi - you are well
welamalsu - he is well

nulamalsihena - we are well
kulamalsihena - we are well
kulamalsihemo - you all are well
welamalsuwak - they are well

wishasi - to be frightened/startled (short term)

(1)

newishasi - I am frightened
kewishasi - you are frightened
wishasu - she/he is frightened

newishasihena - we are frightened
kewishasihena - we are frightened
kewishasihemo - you all are frightened
wishasuwak - they are frightened

wëlelitàm - to be glad; to be satisfied

(9)

nulelitàm – I am glad
kulelitàm – you are glad
wëlelitàm – he is glad

nulelitàmuhëna – we are glad
kulelitàmuhëna – we are glad
kulelitàmuhëmo – you all are glad
wëlelitàmuk – they are glad

kesi - to be hot

(2)

nkesi - I am hot
kesi - you are hot
kesu - he is hot

nkesihena - we are hot
kesihena - we are hot
kesihemo - you all are hot
kesuwak - they are hot

katupwi - to be hungry

(4)

nkatupwi - I am hungry
katupwi - you are hungry
katupu - he is hungry

nkatupwihena - we are hungry
katupwihena - we are hungry
katupwihemo - you all are hungry
katupuwak - they are hungry

welinakw - to look good; to do good work

(10)

nulinakwsi - I look good
kulinakwsi - you look good
welinakwsu - he looks good

nulinakwsihena - we look good
kulinakwsihena - we look good
kulinakwsihemo - you all look good
welinakwsuwak - they look good

shielintam - to be sad; to be sorry

(9)

nshielintàm – I am sad, sorry
kshielintàm – you are sad, sorry
shielintàm – he is sad, sorry

nshielintàmuhëna – we are sad, sorry
kshielintàmuhëna – we are sad, sorry
kshielintàmuhëmo – we are sad, sorry
shielintàmuk – they are sad, sorry

palsi - to be sick

(2)

mpalsi - I am sick
kpalsi - you are sick
palsu - he is sick

mpalsihena - we are sick
kpalsihena - we are sick
kpalsihemo - you all are sick
palsuwak - they are sick

ahchinx - to be stubborn/disobedient

(20)

ntahchinxki - I am stubborn
ktahchinxki - you are stubborn
ahchinke - she/he is stubborn

ntahchinxkihena - we are stubborn
ktahchinxkihena - we are stubborn
ktahchinxkihemo - you all are stubborn
ahchinxkeyok - they are stubborn

wikwihele - to be tired

(2)

newikwihela - I am tired
kwikwihela - you are tired
wikwihele - he is tired

newikwihel^{ah}ena - we are tired
kwikwihelahena - we are tired
kwikwihelahemo - you all are tired
wikwiheleyok - they are tired

NEW VERBS

cheap

apuwawtu – it is cheap

apuwawtuwak – they are cheap

expensive

ahowtu – it is expensive

ahowtuwak – they are expensive

to be kind

wëlitèhe – he is kind, good-hearted

wëlitèheyok – they are kind, good-hearted

to be mean

nëmatapei – I am mean
këmatapei – you are mean
mahtapeyu – he is mean

nëmatapeihena – we are mean
këmatapeihena – we are mean
këmatapeihemo – you all are mean
mahtapeyuwak – they are mean

sharp

kine – it is sharp

kineyok – they are sharp

soft

tòke – it is soft
tòksu – he is soft

tòkeyok – they are soft

thick

kupahkàt – it is thick
kupahkësu – he is thick (fat)

Action Intransitive verbs

katenami - age/birthday

(9)

nkatunami - my age is
katenami - your age is
katenamu - his age is

nkatenamihena - our ages are
katenamihena - our ages are
katenamihemo - your ages are
katenamuwak - their ages are

ahponhe - to bake bread

(21)

ntahponhe – I bake bread
ktahponhe – you bake bread
ahponhe – he/she bakes bread

ntahponhehena – we bake bread
ktahponhehena – we bake bread
ktahponhehemo – you all bake bread
ahponheyok – they bake bread

tixamwi - to bathe

(1)

ntixamwi - I bathe
ktixamwi - you bathe
tixamu - she/he bathes

ntixamwihena - we bathe
ktixamwihena - we bathe
ktixamwihemo - you all bathe
tixamuwak – they bathe

winewe - to beg

(7)

nëwinëwe - I beg
kewinewe - you beg
winëwe - he begs

newinewehena - we beg
kewinewehena - we beg
kewinewehemo - you all beg
wineweyok - they beg

wëskahp - to be born

(20)

neweskahpi - I am born
kewiskahpi - you are born
wiskahpu - she/he is born

neweskahpihena - we are born
keweskahpihena - we are born
neweskahpihemo - you all are born
wiskahpuwak - they are born

pa - to come

(10)

mpa - I come
kpa - you come
pe - he/she comes

mpahena - we come
kpahena - we come
kpahemo - you all come
peyok - they come

um - to come from

(10)

num - I come from
kum - you come from
um - she/he comes from

numana - we come from
kumana - we come from
kuhemo - you all come from
umok - they come from

melimu - to cry

(7)

nemelimu - I cry
kemelimu - you cry
melimu - he/she cries

nemelimuhena - we cry
kemelimuhena - we cry
kemelimuhemo - you all cry
melimuwak - they cry

kentka – to dance

(3)

nkentka – I dance
kentka – you dance
kentke – he/she is dancing

nkentkahena – we dance
kentkahena – we dance
kentkahemo – you all dance
kentkeyok – they dance

mikentam - to do something

(15)

nemikentam - I do something
kemikentam - you do something
mikentam - he does something

nemikentamuhena - we do something
kemikentamuhena - we do something
kemikentamuhemo - you all do something
mikentamuwak - they do something

lashim – to dream

(3)

ntelashimwi – I dream
kelashimwi – you dream
lashimu – she/he dreams

ntelashimwihena – we dream
kelashimwihena – we dream
kelashimwihemo – you all dream
lashimuwak – they dream

puhenem – to drum

(3)

mpuhenema – I drum
kepuhenema – you drum
puhenema – he drums

mpuhenemahena – we drum
kepuhenemahena – we drum
kepuhenemahemo – you all drum
puhenemaok – they drum

wik – dwell

(20)

newiki - I dwell
kewiki - you dwell
wiku - he/she dwells

newikihena - we dwell
kewikihena - we dwell
kewikihemo - you all dwell
wikuwak - they dwell

mits - to eat

(4)

nemitsi - I eat
kemitsi - you eat
mitsu - he eats

nemitsihena - we eat
kemitsihena - we eat
kemitsihemo - you all eat
mitsuwak - they eat

temike - to enter

(9)

ntemike
ktemike
temike

ntemikehena - we enter
ktemikehena - we enter
ktemikehemo - you all enter
temikeyok - they enter

kaihöle - to fall down

(14)

nkaihele - I fall down
kaihele - you fall down
kaihele - he falls down

nkaihelehena - we fall down
kaihelehena - we fall down
kaihelehemo - you all fall down
kaiheleyok - they fall down

ame - to fish

(22)

ame - I am fishing
ame - you are fishing
ame - he is fishing

amehena - we fish
amehena - we fish
amehemo - you all fish
ameyok - they are fishing

kenthwi - to fly

(15)

nkenthwi - I fly
kenthwi - you fly
kenthu - he flies

nkenthwihena - we fly
kenthwihena - we fly
kenthwihemo - you all fly
kenthuwak - they fly

pusi - to get in (a boat, car, etc.)

(15)

mpusi - I get in
kpusi - you get in
pusu - she/he gets in

mpusihena - we get in
kpusihena - we get in
kpusihemo - you all get in
pusuwak - they get in

amwi - to get up

(13)

ntamwi - I get up
ktamwi - you get up
amu - he gets up

ntamwihena - we get up
ktamwihena - we get up
ktamwihemo - you all get up
amuwak - they get up

a - to go

(10)

nta - I go
kta - you go
e - he/she goes

ntahena - we go
ktahena - we go
ktahemo - you all go
eyok - they go

machi - to go home

(2)

nemachi - I go home
kemachi - you go home
machu - she/he goes home

nemachihena - we go home
kemachihena - we go home
kemachihemo - you all go home
machuwak - they go home

ahpin - to be here; to exist (animate)

(5)

ntapi - I am here
ktapi - you are here
ahpu - he/she is here

ntapihena - we are here
ktapihena - we are here
ktapihemo - you all are here
ahpuwak - they are here

kanchihela -to hide (quickly)

(14)

nkanchihela - I hide quickly
kanchihela - you hide quickly
kanchihele - he hides quickly

nkanchihelahena - we hide quickly
kanchihelahena - we hide quickly
kanchihelahemo - you all hide quickly
kanchiheleyok - they hide quickly

kànchixi - to be hidden/ to hide

(14)

nkanchixi - I hide
kanchixi - you hide
kanchixin - he hides

nkanchixihena - we hide
kanchixihena - we hide
kanchixihemo - you all hide
kanchixineyo - they hide

alai - to hunt (IRREGULAR)

(20)

ntalai - I hunt
ktalai - you hunt
alai - he/she hunts

ntalaihena - we hunt
ktalaihena - we hunt
ktalaihemo - you all hunt
alaihtit - they hunt

alakahela - to jump around

(7)

ntalakahēla - I jump around
ktalakahēla - you jump around
èlakahēle - she/he jumps around

ntalakahēlahena - we jump around
ktalakahēlahena - we jump around
ktalakahelahemo - you all jump around
èlakahēleyok - they jump around

watu - to know

(10)

nuwatu - I know
kuwatu - you know
watu - he knows

nuwatukena - we know
kuwatukena - we know
kuwatukenemo - you all know
watuwak - they know

keleksi - to laugh

(7)

nkeleksi - I laugh
keleksi - you laugh
keleksu - he/she laughs

nkeleksihena - we laugh
keleksihena - we laugh
keleksihemo - you all laugh
keleksuwak - they laugh

alemska - to leave/go away

(2)

ntalemska - I leave
ktalemska - you leave
alemske - she/he leaves

ntalemskahena - we leave
ktalemskahena - we leave
ktalemskahemo - you all leave
alemskeyok - they leave

luwensi - name is

(9)

nteluwensi - my name is
kteluwensi - your name is
luwensu - his/her name is

nteluwensihena - our names are
kteluwensihena - our names are
kteluwensihemo - your names are
luwensuwak - our names are

hakihe - to plant

(7)

ntakihe - I plant
ktakihe - you plant
hakihe - she/he plants

ntakihehena - we plant
ktakihehena - we plant
ktakihehemo - you all plant
hakiheyok - they plant

papi - to play

(6)

mpapi - I play
kpapi - you play
papi - he plays

mpapihena - we play
kpapihena - we play
kpapihemo - you all play
papuwak - they play

tatu - to put something on

(19)

ntatu - I put on
ktatu - you put on
tatu - he put on

ntatuhena - we put on
ktatuhena - we put on
ktatuhemo - you all put on
tatuwak - they put on

ahkenta - to read/to count

(23)

ntahkensi - I read
ktahkensi - you read
ahkensu - he/she reads

ntakensihena - we read
ktakensihena - we read
ktakensihemo - you all read
ahkensuwak - they read

kwetki (teki) - to return

(11)

nkwetki - I return
kwetki - you return
kwetki - she/he returns

nkwetkihena - we return
kwetkihena - we return
kwetkihemo - you all return
kwetkuwak - they return

keshihela - to run

(12)

nkeshihela - I run
kshihela - you run

nkeshihelahena - we run
kshihelahena - we run

kshihele - he runs

kshihelahemo - you all run
kshiheleyok - they run

kelixam - to sew

(21)

nkelixike - I sew
kelixike - you sew
kelixike - he/she sews

nkelixikehena - we sew
kelixikehena - we sew
kelixikehemo - you all sew
kelixikeyok - they sew

luwe - to say

(9)

nteluwe - I say/said
kteluwe - you say/said
luwe - he says/said

nteluwehena - we say/said
kteluwehena - we say/said
kteluwehemo - you all said
luweyok - they say/said

asu - to sing

(3)

ntasuwi - I sing
ktasuwi - you sing
asuu - he/she sings

ntasuwhena - we sing
ktasuwhena - we sing
ktasuwhemo - you all sing
asuwak - they sing

lematahponen - to sit down on a chair

(9)

lematahpi - I sit...chair
lematahpi - you sit...chair
lematahpu - he sits...chair

lematahpihena - we sit...chair
lematahpihena - we sit...chair
lematahpihemo - you all sit...chair
lematahpo(u?)wak - they sit...chair

kawi - to sleep

(13)

nkawi - I sleep
kawi - you sleep
kawi - he sleeps

nkawihena - we sleep
kawihena - we sleep
kawihemo - you all sleep
kawiyok - they sleep

alenixsi - to speak Lenape

(9)

ntalenixsi - I speak Lenape
ktalenixsi - you speak Lenape
alenixsu - she/he speaks Lenape

ntalenixsihena - we speak Lenape
ktalenixsihena - we speak Lenape
ktalenixsihemo - you all speak Lenape
alenixsuwak - they speak Lenape

chikhike - to sweep

(18)

nchikhike - I sweep
kchikhike - you sweep
chikhike - she/he sweeps

nchikhikehena - we sweep
kchikhikehena - we sweep
kchikhikehemo - you all sweep
chikhikeyok - they sweep

ashewil - to swim

(6)

ntashewil - I swim
ktashewil - you swim
ashewil - he swims

ntashewilhena - we swim
ktashewilhena - we swim
ktashewilhemo - you all swim
ashewileyo - they swim

tunhe - to talk

(9)

mpemetunhe - I talk
kpemetunhe - you talk
pemetunhe - he/she talks

mpemetunhehena - we talk
kpemetunehena - we talk
kpemetunehemo - you all talk
pemetunheyok - they talk

nuchkwewtunhe - to talk nonsense

(9)

nuchkwewtunhe - I talk nonsense
knuchkwewtunhe - you talk nonsense
nuchkwewtunhe - he talks nonsense

nuchkwewtunhehena - we talk nonsense
knuchkwewtunhehena - we talk nonsense
knuchkwewtunhehemo - you all talk nonsense
nuchkwewtunheyok - they talk nonsense

achimwi - to tell a story

(19)

ntachimwi - I tell a story
ktachimwi - you tell a story
achimwi - he/she tells a story

ntachimwihena - we tell a story
ktachimwihena - we tell a story
ktachimwihemo - you all tell a story
achimweyok - they tell a story

tite - to think

(4)

ntite - I think
ktite - you think
litehe - he thinks

ntitehena - we think
ktitehena - we think
ktitehemo - you all think
litheyok - they think

pemeska - to walk

(12)

mpemeska - I walk

mpemeskahena - we walk

kpemeska - you walk
pemeske - he walks

kpemeskahena - we walk
pemeskahemo - you all walk
pemeskeyok - they walk

shilenche - to wash hands

(18)

nshilenche - I wash my hands
kshilenche - you wash your hands
shilenche - she/he washes

nshilenchehena - we wash our hands
kshilenchehena - we wash our hands
kshilenchehemo - you all wash your his/her hands
shilencheyok - they wash their hands

mikemosi - to work

(18)

nemikemosi - I work
kemikemosi - you work
mikemosu - he/she works

nemikemosihena - we work
kemikemosihena - we work
kemikemosihemo - you all work
mikemosuwak - they work

NEW VERBS

breathe

nlèxe – I breathe
klèxe – you breathe
lexè – he breathes

nlèxahena – we breathe
klèxahena – we breathe
klèxahemo – you all breathe
lexèyok – they breathe

cough

nòxùkw – I cough
kòxùkw – you cough
òxukw, xùkw – he coughs

òxukhumèna – we cough
kòxukhumèna – we cough
kòxukhumèmo – you all cough
òxukuk – they cough

dig a hole

nòlhe – I dig a hole
kòlhe – you dig a hole
òlhe – he digs a hole

nòlhena – we dig a hole
kòlhena – we dig a hole
kòlhemmo – you all dig a hole
òlheyok – they dig a hole

dive (into water) (IRREGULAR)

chòpòkil – he dove into the water
chòpòkihèluk – they dove into the water

dress

mpëñchilahsi – I dress
kpëñchilahsi – you dress
penchilahsu – she dress

mpëñchilahsihena – we dress
kpëñchilahsihena – we dress
kpëñchilahsihemo – you all dress
pëñchilahsuwàk – they dress

float

ntalëmipuk – I float away
ktalëmipuk – you float away
alëmipuk – he floats away

alëmipukhùmëna – we float away
alëmipukhùmëna – we float away
alëmipukhùhemo – you all float away
alëmipukuwàk – they float away

make a fire

ntëntehwe – I made a fire
ktëntehwe – you made a fire
tëntehwe – he made a fire

ntëntehwehena – we made a fire
ktëntehwehena – we made a fire
ktëntehwehemo – you all made a fire
tëntehweyok – they made a fire

paddle

nishhama – I paddle
kishhama – you paddle
wishhama – he paddles

nishhamahëna – we paddle
kishhamahëna – we paddle
kishhamahemo – you all paddle
wishhamaok – they paddle

plow

ntalàxhakiye – I plow
ktalàxhakiye – you plow
talàxhakiye – he plows

ntalàxhakiyehëna – we plow
ktalàxhakiyehëna – we plow
ktalàxhakiyehëmo – you all plow
talàxhakiyeyok – they plow

pound corn in a mortar

ntàkhòke – I pound (corn)
ktàkhòke – you pound (corn)
kohòke – she is pounding (corn)

ntàkhòkehëna – we pound (corn)
ktàkhòkehëna – we pound (corn)
ktàkhòkehëmo – you all pound (corn)
kohòkeyok – they pound (corn)

Note: kohòke, kohòkeyok were given in the Talking Dictionary (instead of tàkhòke, tàkhòkeyok)

roll

ntëpchëhëla – I roll
ktëpchëhëla – you roll
tëpchëhële – she/he/it rolls

ntëpchëhëlahena – we roll
ktëpchëhëlahena – we roll
ktëpchëhëlahemo – you all roll
tëpchëhëleyok – they roll

slip

nshòxihëla – I slipped
kshòxihëla – you slipped
shoxihële – he slipped

nshòxihëlahena – we slipped
kshòxihëlahena – we slipped
kshòxihëlahemo – you all slipped
shoxihëleyok – they slipped

sneeze

nkwëskwine - I sneeze
kwëskwine – you sneeze
kwëskwine - he sneezed

nkwëskwinehena – we sneeze
kwëskwinehena – we sneeze
kwëskwinehemo – you all sneeze
kwëskwineyok – they sneeze

stretch

nshipchei – I stretch
kshipchei – you stretch
shipchei – he stretches

nshipcheihena – we stretch
kshipcheihena – we stretch
kshipcheihemo – you all stretch
shipcheiyok – they stretch

tell a winter story

ntathiluhe – I tell a winter story
ktathiluhe – you tell a winter story
athiluhe – he tells a winter story

ntathiluhëhëna – we tell a winter story
ktathiluhëhëna – we tell a winter story
ktathiluhëhëmo – you all tell a winter story
athiluhëyok – they tell a winter story

wake up

ntukihëla – I wake up
ktukihëla – you wake up
tukihele – he wakes up

ntukihëlahëna – we wake up
ktukihëlahëna – we wake up
ktukihëlahëmo – you all wake up
tukiheleyok – they wake up

wink

mpòkinkwehële – I winked
kpòkinkwehële – you winked
pòkinkwehële – he winked

mpòkinkwehëlahena – we winked
kpòkinkwehëlahena – we winked
kpòkinkwehëlahemo – you all winked
pòkinkwehëleyok – they winked

yawn

nshxàpae – I yawn
kshxàpae – you yawn
shapae – he yawns

nshxàpachena – we yawn
kshxàpachena – we yawn
kshxàpachemo – you all yawn
shapaeyok – they yawn

Transitive Inanimate verbs

lamhitamën - to believe it

(10)

nulamhitamen - I believe it
kulamhitamen - you believe it
welamhitamen - he/she believes it

nulamhitamena - I believe them
kulamhitamena - you believe them
kulamhitameneyo - you all believe them

nulamhitamenen - we believe it
kulamhitamenen - you believe it
kulamhitameneyo - you all believe it
welamhitameneyo - they believe it

nulamhitamenena - we believe them
kulamhitamenena - you believe them
kulamhitameneyo - you all believe them
welamhitameneyo - they believe them

malhelam - to buy something

(19)

nemalhelamen - I buy it
kemalhelamen - you buy it
malhelamen - he buys it

nemahelamenen - I buy them
kemalhelamenen - you buy them
malhelamenena - she/he buys them

nemalhelamena - we buy it
kemalhelamena - we buy it
kemalhelameneyo - you all buy it
malhelameneyo - they buy it

nemalhelamenena - we buy them
kemalhelamenena - we buy them
kemalhelameneyo - you all buy them
malhelameneyo - they buy them

këläñëmën - to carry/hold it

(11)

nkelenemen - I carry it
kelenemen - you carry it
kelenemen - he carries it

kelenemena - I carry them
kelenemena - you carry them
kelenemena - he carries them

kelenemenen - we carry it
kelenemenen - we carry it
kelenemeneyo - you all carry it
kelenemeneyo - they carry it

nkelenemenena - we carry them
kelenemenena - we carry them
kelenemeneyo - you all carry them
kelenemeneyo - they carry them

wixani - to cook it

(5)

newixenin - I cook it
kewixenin - you cook it
wixenin - she/he cooks it

newixenina - I cook them
kewixenina - you cook them
wixenina - he cooks them

newixeninen - we cook it
kewixeninen - we cook it
kewixenineyo - you all cook it
wixenineyo - they cook it

newixeninen(a) - we cook them
kewixeninen(a) - we cook them
kewixenineyo - you all cook it
wixenineyo - they cook them

metakhomen - to cover it

(9)

nemetakhomen - I cover it
kemetakhomen - you cover it
metakhomen - he covers it

nemetakhomena - I cover them
kemetakhomena - you cover them
metakhomena - he covers them

nemetakhomenen - we cover it
kemetakhomenen - we cover it
kemetakhomeneyo - you all cover it
metakhomeneyo - they cover it

nemetakhomenena - we cover them
kemetakhomenena - we cover them
kemetakhomeneyo - you all cover them
metakhomeneyo - they cover them

shinkatam - to dislike it / to not want it

(5)

nshinkatamen - I dislike it
kshinkatamen - you dislike it
wshinkatamen - he dislikes it

nshinkatamena - I dislike them
kshinkatamena - you dislike them
wshinkatamena - he dislikes them

nshinkatamenen - we dislike it
kshinkatamenen - we dislike it
kshinkatameneyo - you all dislike it
wshinkatameneyo - they dislike it

nshinkatamenena - we dislike them
kshinkatamenena - we dislike them
kshinkatameneyo - you all dislike them
wshinkatameneyo - they dislike them

kaxksemen - to dry it

(7)

nkaxksemen - I dry it
kaxksemen - you dry it
kaxksemen - he dries it

nkaxksemena - I dry them
kaxksemena - you dry them
kaxksemena - he dries them

nkaxksemenen - we dry it
kaxksemenen - we dry it
kaxksemeneyo - you all dry it
kaxksemaneyo - they dry it

nkaxksemenena - we dry them
kaxksemenena - we dry them
kaxksemeneyo - you all dry them
kaxksemaneyo - they dry them

wèchilahtu - to grab it

(12)

newechilahtun - I grab it
kewechilahtun - you grab it
wechilahtun - she/he grabs it

newechilahtuna - I grab them
kewechilahtuna - you grab them
wechilahtuna - she/he grabs them

newechilahtunen - we grab it
kewechilahtunen - we grab it
kewechilahtuneyo - you all grab it
wechilahtuneyo - they grab it

newechilahtunena - we grab them
kewechilahtunena - we grab them
kewechilahtuneyo - you all grab them
wechilahtuneyo - they grab them

ulhatu - to have it (IRREGULAR)

(5)

nulhatu(n) -I have it
kulhatu(n) - you have it
wulhatu(n) - he/she has it*
also spelled "walhatu" "ulhatu" "welatu"

nulhatuna - I have them
kulhatuna - you have them
wulhatuna - he has at them

nulhatuhena - we have it
kulhatuhena - we have it
kulhatuhemo - you all have it
wulhatuwak - they have it

nulhatuhena - we have them
kulhatuhena - we have them
kulhatuhemo - you all have them
wulhatuwak - they have them

elistam - to hear it

(20)

ntelsitamen -I hear it
ktelsitamen - you hear it
welistamen - he/she hears it

ntelsitamena - I hear them
ktelsitamena - you hear them
welistamena - he hear them

ntelsitamenen - we hear it
ktelsitamenen - we hear it
ktelsitameneyo - you all hear it
welistameneyo - they hear it

ntelsitamenena - we hear them
ktelsitamenena - we hear them
ktelsitameneyo - you hear them
welistameneyo - they hear them

pentam - to hear/understand it

(6)

mpentamen - I hear it
kpentamen - I hear it
pwentamen - she/he hears it

mpentamena - I hear them
kpentamena - I hear them
pwentamena - he hears them

mpentamenen - we hear it
kpentamenen - we hear it
kpentameneyo - you all hear it
pwentameneyo - they hear it

mpentamenena - we hear them
kpentamenena - we hear them
kpentameneyo - you all hear them
pwentameneyo -they hear them

kàntënëmën - to hide it

(14)

nkantenemen - I hide it
kantenemen - you hide it
kontenemen - he hides it

nkantenemena - I hide them
kantenemena - you hide them
kantenemena - he hides them

nkantenemenen - we hide it
kantenemenen - we hide it
kantenemeneyo - you all hide it
kantenemeneyo - they hide it

nkantenemenena - we hide them
kantenemenena - we hide them
kantenemeneyo - you all hide them
kantenemeneyo - they hide them

watun - to know it; to know about it

(10)

nuwatun - I know it
kuwatun - you know it
uwatun - he/she knows it

nuwatuna - I know them
kuwatuna - you know them
uwatuna - he knows them

nuwatunen - we know it
kuwatunen - we know it
kuwatuneyo - you all know it
uwatuneyo - they know it

nuwatunena - we know them
kuwatunena - we know them
kuwatuneyo - you all know them
uwatuneyo - they know them

winkatam - to like it

(19)

newinkatamen - I like it
kwinkatamen - you like it
winkatamen - he likes it

newinkatamena - I like them
kwinkatamena - you like them
winkatamena - he likes them

newinkatamenen - we like it
kwinkatamenen - we like it
kwinkatameneyo - you all like it
winkatameneyo - they like it

newinkatamenena - we like them
kwinkatamenena - we like them
kwinkatameneyo - you all like them
winkatameneyo - they like them

penam - to look at it

(5)

mpenam - I look at it
kepenam - you look at it
pwenam - he/she looks at it

mpenamena - I look at them
kepenamena - you look at them
pwenamena - he looks at them

mpenamnen - we look at it
kepenamenen - we look at it
kepenameneyo - you all look at it
pwenameneyo - they look at it

nmenamenena - we look at them
kepenamenen - we look at them
kepenameneyo - you all look at them
pwenameneyo - they look at them

tankhitu - to lose it

(7)

ntankhitun - I lost it
ktankhitun - you lost it
tonkhitu - he/she lost it

ntankhituna - I lost them
ktankhituna - you lost them
tonkhituna - he lost them

ntankhitunen - we lost it
ktankhitunen - we lost it
ktankhituneyo - you all lost it
tonkhituneyo - they lost it

ntankhitunena - we lost them
ktankhitunena - we lost them
ktankhituneyo - you all lost them
tonkhituneyo - they lost them

ahotàmèn - to love it

(17)

ntahotamen - I love it
ktahotamen - you love it
tohotamen - he loves it

ntahotamena - I love them
ktahotamena - you love them
tohotamena - he love them

ntahotamenen - we love it
ktahotamenen - we love it
ktahotameneyo - you all love it
tohotameneyo – they love it

ntahotantamenena - we love them
ktahotamenena - we love them
ktahotameneyo - you all love them
tohotameneyo - they love them

papitu - to play with it

(6)

mpapitun - I play with it
kpapitun - I play with it
papitun - she/he plays with it

mpapituna - I play with them
kpapituna - I play with them
papituna - he plays with them

mpapitunen - we play with it
kpapitunen - we play with it
kpapituneyo - you all play with it
papituneyo - they play with it

mpapitunena - we play with them
kpapitunena - we play with them
kpapituneyo - you all play with them
papituneyo -they play with them

tatun - to put/place it

(10)

ntatun - I put it
ktatun - you put it
totun - he put it

ntatuna - I put them
ktatuna - you put them
ktatuneyo - you all put them

ntatunen - we put it
ktatunen - you put it
ktatuneyo - you all put it
totuneyo - they put it

ntatunena - we put them
ktatunena - you put them
ktatuneyo - you all put them
totuneyo - they put them

mëshänëmën - to receive it

(13)

nemeshenemen - I receive it
kemeshenemen - you receive it
mweshenemen - she/he receives it

nemeshenemena - I receive them
kemeshenemena - you receive them
mweshenemena - she/he receives them

nemeshenemenen - we receive it
kemeshenemenen - we receive it
kemeshenemeneyo - you all receive it
mweshenemeneyo - they receive it

nemeshenemenena - we receive them
kemeshenemenena - we receive them
kemeshenemeneyo - you all receive them
mweshenemeneyo - they receive them

mëshatàmen - to remember it

(20)

nemeshatamen - I remember it
kemeshatamen - you remember it
mweshatamen - she/he remembers it

nemeshatamena - I remember them
kemeshatamena - you remember them
mweshatamena - she/he remembers them

nemeshatamenen - we remember it
kemeshatamenen - we remember it
kemeshatameneyo - you all remember it
mweshatameneyo - they remember it

nemeshatamenena - we remember them
kemeshatamenena - we remember them
kemeshatameneyo - you all remember them
mweshatameneyo - they remember them

kwëtkënëm - to return it

(11)

nkwetkenemen - I return it
kwetkenemen - you return it
kwetkenemen - he returns it

nkwetkenemena - I return them
kwetkenemena - you return them
kwetkenemena - he returns them

nkwetkenemenen - we return it
kwetkenemenen - we return it
kwetkenemeneyo - you all return it
kwetkenemeneyo - they return it

nkwetkenemenena - we return them
kwetkenemenena - we return them
kwetkenemeneyo - you all return them
kwetkenemeneyo - they return them

lanpatu - to rinse it

(18)

n'lanpatun - I rinse it
k'lanpatun - you rinse it
lanpatun - she/he rinses it

n'lanpatuna - I rinse them
k'lanpatuna - you rinse them
lanpatuna - she/he rinses them

n'lanpatunen - we rinse it
k'lanpatunen - we rinse it
k'lanpatuneyo - you all rinse it
lanpatuneyo - they rinse it

n'lanpatunen(a) - we rinse them
k'lanpatunen(a) - we rinse them
k'lanpatuneyo - you all rinse them
lanpatuneyo - they rinse them

nem - to see

(5)

nemen -I see it
kenemen - you see it
wenemen - he/she sees it*
also "nem"

nemena - I see them
kenemena - you see them
wenemena - he sees them

nemenen - we see it
kenemenen - we see it
kenemeneyo - you all see it
wenemeneyo - they see it

nemenen(a) - we see them
knemenen(a) - we see them
kenemeneyo - you see them
wenemeneyo - they see them

kelixam - to sew it

(21)

nkalexhamen - I sew it
kalixhamen - you sew it
kalixhamen - he/she sews it

nkalexhamena - I sew them
kalixhamena - you sew them
kalixhamena - he/she sews them

nkalexhamenen - we sew it
kalixhamenen - we sew it
kalixhameneyo - you all sew it
kalixhameneyo - they sew it

nkalexhamenen(a) - we sew them
kalixhamenen(a) - we sew them
kalixhameneyo - you all sew them
kalixhameneyo - they sew them

melamen - to smell something

(12)

nemelamen - I smell it
kemelamen - you smell it
melamen - he smells it

nemelamena - I smell them
kemelamena - you smell them
melamena - she/he smells them

nemelamenen - we smell it
kemelamenen - we smell it
kemelameneyo - you all smell it
melameneyo - they smell it

nemelamenena - we smell them
kemelamenena - we smell them
kemelameneyo - you all smell it
melameneyo - they smell them

kwètàntàmën - to taste it

(17)

nkwetantamen - I taste it
kwetantamen - you taste it
kwetantamen - he tastes it

nkwetantamena - I taste them
kwetantamena - you taste them
kwetantamena - he tastes them

nkwetantamenen - we taste it
kwetantamenen - we taste it
kwetantameneyo - you all taste it
kwetantameneyo - they taste it

nkwetantamenena - we taste them
kwetantamenena - we taste them
kwetantameneyo - you all taste them
kwetantameneyo - they taste them

kwètënëm - to touch/feel it

(9)

nkwetenenemen - I touch it
kwetenemen - you touch it
kwetenemen - he touches it

nkwetenenemena - I touch them
kwetenemena - you touch them
kwetenemena - he touches them

nkwetenenemenen - we touch it
kwetenemenen - we touch it
kwetenemeneyo - you all touch it
kwetenemeneyo - they touch it

nkwetenenemenena - we touch them
kwetenemenena - we touch them
kwetenemeneyo - you all touch them
kwetenemeneyo - they touch them

katatam - to want it

(5)

nkatatam(en) - I want it
katatam(en) - you want it
kahtatam(en) - he wants it
kotatamen - he wants it*

nkatatamena - I want them
katatamena - you want them
kahtatamena - he wants them
kotatamena - he wants them*

katatamenen - we want it
nkatatamenen - we want it
katatameneyo - you all want it
kahtatameneyo - they want it
(kotatameneyo - they want it)

nkatatamenena - we want them
katatamenena - we want them
katatameneyo - you all want them
kahtatameneyo - they want them
(kotatameneyo - they want them)

kshixtun - to wash it

(18)

nkëshixtun - I wash it
keshixtun - you wash it
kwëshixtun - he/she washed it

nkëshixtuna - I wash them
keshixtuna - you wash them
kwëshixtuna - he/she washes them

nkeshixtuna - we wash it
keshixtuna - we wash it
keshixtuneyo - you all wash it
kweshixtuneyo - they wash it

nkeshixtunen(a) - we wash them
keshixtunen(a) - we wash them
keshixtuneyo - you all wash them
kweshixtuneyo - they wash them

NEW VERBS

to bite it

ntantàmën – I bite it
ktantàmën – you bite it
tòntàmën – he bites it

ntantàmëna – I bite them
ktantàmëna – you bite them
tòntàmëna – he bites them

ntantàmënen – we bite it
ktantàmënen – we bite it
ktantàmëneyo – you all bite it
tòntàmëneyo – they bite it

ntantàmënena – we bite them
ktantàmënena – we bite them
ktantàmëneyo – you all bite them
tòntàmëneyo – they bite them

ukathàmën – to braid it

nukathamën – I am braiding it
kukathamën – you are braiding it
ukathàmën - he is braiding it

nukathamënen –we are braiding it
kukathamënen – we are braiding it
kukathamëneyo – you all braid it
ukathàmëneyo – they braid it

lusëmën – to burn it

nlusëmën – I burned it
këlusëmën – you burned it
wëlusëmën – he burned it

nlusëmënen – we burned it
këlusëmënen – we burned it
këlusëmëneyo – you all burned it
wëlusëmëneyo – they burned it

to fry it

nsalàsëmën – I fry it
ksalàsëmën – you fry it
salàsëmën – he fries it

nsalàsëmënen – we fry it
ksalàsëmënen – we fry it
ksalàsëmëneyo – you all fry it
salàsëmëneyo – they fry it

to kick at it

nshakhwikatàmën – I kick at it
kshakhwikatàmën – you kick at it
shòkhwikàmën – he kicked it

nshakhwikatàmënen – we kick at it
kshakhwikatàmënen – we kick at it
kshakhwikatàmëneyo – you all kick at it
shòkhwikàmëneyo – they kick at it

nukathamëna – I am braiding them
kukathamëna – you are braiding them
ukathàmëna – he is braiding them

nukathamënena –we are braiding them
kukathamënena – we are braiding them
kukathamëneyo – you all are braiding them
ukathàmëneyo – they are braiding them

nlusëmëna – I burned them
këlusëmëna – you burned them
wëlusëmëna – he burned them

nlusëmënena – we burned them
këlusëmënena – we burned them
këlusëmëneyo – you all burned them
wëlusëmëneyo – they burned them

nsalàsëmëna – I fry them
ksalàsëmëna – you fry them
salàsëmëna – he fries them

nsalàsëmënena – we fry them
ksalàsëmënena – we fry them
ksalàsëmëneyo – you all fry them
salàsëmëneyo – they fry them

nshakhwikatàmëna – I kick at them
kshakhwikatàmëna – you kick at them
shòkhwikàmëna – he kicked at them

nshakhwikatàmënena – we kick at them
kshakhwikatàmënena – we kick at them
kshakhwikatàmëneyo – you all kick at them
shòkhwikàmëneyo – they kick at them

tàspënëmën – to lift it up

ntàspënëmën – I lift it up
ktàspënëmën – you lift it up
tòspënëmën – he lifts it up

ntàspënëmënen – we lift it up
ktàspënëmënen – we lift it up
ktàspënëmëneyo – you all lift it up
tòspënëmëneyo – they lift it up

liksëmën – to paint it

nliksëmën – I paint it
kliksëmën – you paint it
liksëmën – he paints it

nliksëmënen – we paint it
kliksëmënen – we paint it
kliksëmëneyo – you all paint it
liksëmëneyo – they paint it

kënchchënëmën – to push it

nkënchchënëmën – I push it
kënchchënëmën – you push it
kwënchchënëmën – he pushes it

nkënchchënëmënen – we push it
kënchchënëmënen – we push it
kënchchënëmëneyo – you all push it
kwënchchënëmëneyo – they push it

tëpchënëmën – to roll it around

ntëpchënëmën – I roll it around
ktëpchënëmën – you roll it around
tëpchënëmën – he rolls it around

ntëpchënëmënen – we roll it around
ktëpchënëmënen – we roll it around
ktëpchënëmëneyo – you all roll it around
tëpchënëmëneyo – they roll it around

ntàspënëmëna – I lift them up
ktàspënëmëna – you lift them up
tòspënëmëna – she/he lifts them up

ntàspënëmënena – we lift them up
ktàspënëmënena – we lift them up
ktàspënëmëneyo – you all lift them up
tòspënëmëneyo – they lift them up

nliksëmëna – I paint them
kliksëmëna – you paint them
liksëmëna – he paints them

nliksëmënena – we paint them
kliksëmënena – we paint them
kliksëmëneyo – you all paint them
liksëmëneyo – they paint them

nkënchchënëmëna – I push them
kënchchënëmëna – you push them
kwënchchënëmëna – he pushes them

nkënchchënëmënena – we push them
kënchchënëmënena – we push them
kënchchënëmëneyo – you all push them
kwënchchënëmëneyo – they push them

ntëpchënëmëna – I roll them around
ktëpchënëmëna – you roll them around
tëpchënëmëna – he rolls them around

ntëpchënëmënena – we roll them around
ktëpchënëmënena – we roll them around
ktëpchënëmëneyo – you all roll them around
tëpchënëmëneyo – they roll them around

to stir it, mix it up

nēwiàmxxkhàmēn – I stir it
kēwiàmxxkhàmēn – you stir it
wiàmxxkhamēn – he stirs it

nēwiàmxxkhàmēna – I stir them
kēwiàmxxkhàmēna – you stir them
wiàmxxkhamēna – he stirs them

nēwiàmxxkhàmēnen – we stir it
kēwiàmxxkhàmēnen – we stir it
kēwiàmxxkhàmēneyo – you all stir it
wiàmxxkhàmēneyo – they stir it

nēwiàmxxkhàmēnena – we stir them
kēwiàmxxkhàmēnena – we stir them
kēwiàmxxkhàmēneyo – you all stir them
wiàmxxkhàmēneyo – they stir them

Actual form given in Talking Dictionary: wiàmxxkēneyo ‘they stir it, them’

to stretch it

nshipēmēmēn – I stretched it
kshipēmēmēn – you stretched it
wēshipēmēmēn – he stretched it

nshipēmēmēna – I stretched them
kshipēmēmēna – you stretched them
wēshipēmēmēna – he stretched them

nshipēmēmēnen – we stretched it
kshipēmēmēnen – we stretched it
kshipēmēmēneyo – you all stretched it
shipēmēmēneyo – they stretched it

nshipēmēmēnena – we stretched them
kshipēmēmēnena – we stretched them
kshipēmēmēneyo – you all stretched them
shipēmēmēneyo – they stretched them

to wipe it, erase it

nchiskhàmēn – I wipe it
kchiskhàmēn – you wipe it
chiskhamēn – he wipes it

nchiskhàmēna – I wipe them
kchiskhàmēna – you wipe them
chiskhàmēna – he wipes them

nchiskhàmēnen – we wipe it
kchiskhàmēnen – we wipe it
kchiskhàmēneyo – you all wipe it
chiskhàmēneyo – they wipe it

nchiskhàmēnena – we wipe them
kchiskhàmēnena – we wipe them
kchiskhàmēneyo – you all wipe them
chiskhàmēneyo – they wipe them

kwēchilahtu - to try it

(17)

nekwechilahtun - I try it
kwechilahtun - you try it
kwechilahtun - she/he tries it

nekwechilahtuna – I try them
kwechilahtuna – you try them
kwechilahtuna – he tries them

nekwechilahtunen - we try it
kwechilahtunen - we try it
kwechilahtuneyo - you all try it
kwechilahtuneyo - they try it

nekwechilahtunena – we try them
kwechilahtunena – we try them
kwechilahtuneyo – you all try them
kwechilahtuneyo – they try them

Transitive Animate Verbs

nachih -to bother someone

(13)

DIRECT

Singular Object

nachiha - I bother him
kenachiha - you bother him
nachihao - he bothers him
nachihawena - we bother him
kenachihawena - we bother him
kenachihaw(w)a - you all bother him
nachihawwao - they bother him

Plural Object

nachihaok - I bother them
kenachihaok - you bother them
nachihao - he bother them
nachihawenanak - we bother them
kenachihawenanak - we bother them
kenachihawwaok - you all bother them
nachihawwao - they bother them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nachihukw - he bother me
kenachihukw - he gives you
nachihku - he gives him

Plural Subject

nachihkuk - they bother me
kenachihkuk - they bother you
nachihku - they bother him

nachihkuna - he bothers us
kenachihkuna - he bothers us
kenachihkuwa - he bothers you all
nachihkuwoo - he bothers them

nachihkunanak - they bother us
kenachihkunanak - they bother us
kenachihkuwaok - they bother you all
nachihkuwoo - they bother them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kenachihi - you bother me
kenachihihemo - you all bother me
kenachihihena - you all bother us

kenachihel - I bother you
kenachihuhemo - I bother you all
kenachihuhena - we bother you all

naol – to follow someone

(22)

DIRECT

Singular Object

naola - I follow him
knaola - you follow him
naolao - he follows him
naolawena - we follow him
knaolawena - we follow him
knaolawa - you all follow him
naolawao - they follow him

Plural Object

naolaok - I follow them
knaolaok - you follow them
naolao - he follow them
naolawenanak - we follow them
knaolawenanak - we follow them
knaolawaok - you all follow them
naolawao - they follow them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

naolukw - he follows me
knaolukw - he follows you
naoluku - he follows him
naolukuna - he follows us
knaolukuna - he follows us
knaolukuwa - he follows you all
naolukuwoo - he follows them

Plural Subject

naolukuk - they follow me
knaolukuk - they follow you
naoluku - they follow him
naolukunanak - they follow us
knaolukunanak - they follow us
knaolukuwaok - they follow you all
naolukuwoo - they follow them

LOCAL PARADIGM

knaoli - you follow me
knaolihemo - you all follow me
knaolihena - you all follow us

knaolel - I follow you
knaoluhemo - I follow you all
knaoluhena - we follow you all

mil -to give (it to) someone

(13)

DIRECT

Singular Object

nemila - I give him
kemila - you give him
mwilao - he gives him
nemilawena - we give him
kemilawena - we give him
kemilaw(w)a - you all give him
mwilawwao - they give him

Plural Object

nemilaok - I give them
kemilaok - you give them
mwilao - he gives them
nemilawenanak - we give them
kemilawenanak - we give them
kemilawwao - you all give them
mwilawwao - they give them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nemilukw - he gives me
kemilukw - he gives you
mwilku - he gives him
nemilkuna - he gives us
kemilkuna - he gives us
kemilkuwa - he gives you all
mwilkuwoo - he gives them

Plural Subject

nemilkuk - they give me
kemilkuk - they give you
mwilku - they give him
nemilkunanak - they give us
kemilkunanak - they give us
kemilkuwaok - they give you all
mwilkuwoo - they give them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kemili - you give me
kemilihemo - you all give me
kemilihena - you all give us

kemilel - I give you
kemiluhemo - I give you all
kemiluhena - we give you all

ulhal -to have someone

(16)

DIRECT

Singular Object

nulhala - I have him
kulhala - you have him
wulahalao - he has him
nulhalawena - we have him
kulhalawena - we have him
kulhalaw(w)a - you all have him
wulahalawoo - they have him

Plural Object

nulhalaok - I have them
kulhalaok - you have them
wulahalao - he has them
nulhalawenanak - we have them
kulhalawenanak - we have them
kulhalawwaok - you all have them
wulahalawoo - they have them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nulhalekw - he has me
kulhalekw - he has you
wulhalku - he has him
nulhalkuna - he has us
kulhalkuna - he has us
kulhalkuwa - he has you all
wulhalkuwoo - he has them

Plural Subject

nulhalkuk - they have me
kulhalkuk - they have you
wulhalku - they have him
nulhalkunanak - they have us
kulhalkunanak - they have us
kulhalkuwaok - they have you all
wulhalkuwoo - they have them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kulhali - you have me
kulhalihemo - you all have me
kulhalihena - you all have us

kulhalel - I have you
kulhaluhemo - I have you all
kulhaluhena - we have you all

wichem – to help someone

(21)

DIRECT

Singular Object

newichema - I help him
kewichema - you help him
wichemao - he helps him
newichemawena - we help him
kewichemawena - we help him
kewichemawa - you all help him
wichemawao - they help him

Plural Object

newichemaok - I help them
kewichemaok - you help them
wichemao - he helps them
newichemawenanak - we help them
kewichemawenanak - we help them
kewichemawaok - you all help them
wichemawao - they help them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

newichemukw - he helps me
kewichemukw - he helps you
wichemku - he helps him
newichemkuna - he helps us
kewichemkuna - he helps us
kewichemkuwa - he helps you all
wichemkuwoo - he helps them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kewichemi - you help me
kewichemihemo - you all help me
kewichemihena - you all help us

uwah -to know someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nuwaha - I know him
kuwaha - you know him
uwahao - he knows him
nuwahawena - we know him
kuwahawena - we know him
kuwahaw(w)a - you all know him
uwahawoo - they know him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nuwahukw - he knows me
kuwahukw - he knows you
uwahku - he knows him
nuwahkuna - he knows us
kuwahkuna - he knows us
kuwahkuwa - he knows you all
uwahkuwoo - he knows them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kuwahi - you know me
kuwahihemo - you all know me
kuwahihena - you all know us

Plural Subject

newichemkuk - they help me
kewihemkuk - they help you
wichemku - they help him
newichemkunanak - they help us
kewichemkunanak - they help us
kewichemkuwaok - they help you all
wichemkuwoo - they help them

kewichemel - I help you
kewichemuhemo - I help you all
kewichemuhena - we help you all

(23)

Plural Object

nuwahaok - I know them
kuwahaok - you know them
uwahao - he knows them
nuwahawenanak - we know them
kuwahawenanak - we know them
kuwahawwaok - you all know them
uwahawoo - they know them

Plural Subject

nuwahkuk - they know me
kuwahkuk - they know you
uwahku - they know him
nuwahkunanak - they know us
kuwahkunanak - they know us
kuwahkuwa - they know you all
uwahkuwoo - they know them

kuwahel - I know you
kuwahelhemo - I know you all
kuwahelhena - we know you all

ahol - to love someone

(17)

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntahola - love him
ktahola - you love him
tòholao - he loves her/them
ntaholawëna - we love him
ktaholawena - we love him
ktaholawa - you all love him
toholawoo - they love him

Plural Object

ntaholaòk - I love them
ktaholaok - you love them
toholao - he loves them
ntaholawenak - we love them
ktaholawenak - we love them
ktaholawwaok - you all love them
toholawoo - they love him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntaholekw - he loves me
ktaholekw - he loves you
toholku - he loves him
ntaholkuna - he loves us
ktaholkuna - he loves us
ktaholkuwa - he loves you all
toholkuwoo - he loves them

Plural Subject

ntaholkuk - they love me
ktaholkuk - they love you
toholku - they love him
ntaholkunanak - they love us
ktaholkunanak - they love us
ktaholkuwaok - they love you all
toholkuwoo - they love them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktaholi - you love me
ktaholihemo - you all love me
ktaholihena - you all love us

ktaholel - I love you
ktaholuhemo - I love you all
ktaholuhena - we love you all

ahel - to put someone

(19)

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntahela - put him
ktahela - you put him
tahelao - he puts her/them
ntahelawëna - we put him
ktahelawena - we put him
ktahelawa - you all put him
tahelawoo - they put him

Plural Object

ntahelaòk - I put them
ktahelaok - you put them
tahelao - he puts them
ntahelawenak - we put them
ktahelawenak - we put them
ktahelawwaok - you put tell them
tahelawoo - they put him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntahelekw - he puts me
ktahelekw - he puts you
tahelku - he puts him
ntahelkuna - he puts us
ktahelkuna - he puts us
ktahelkuwa - he puts you all
tahelkuwoo - he puts them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktaheli - you put me
ktahelihemo - you all put me
ktahelihena - you all put us

new -to see someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

neyo - I see him
keneyo - you see him
weneyoo - he sees him
neyowena - we see him
keneyowena - we see him
keneyow(w)a - you all see him
weneyook - they see him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

neyekw - he sees me
keneyekw - he sees you
weneku - he sees him
neyukwena - he sees us
keneyukwena - he sees us
keneyukuwo - he sees you all
wenekuk - he sees them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kenei - you see me
keneihemo - you all see me
keneihena - you all see us

Plural Subject

ntahelkuk - they put me
ktahelkuk - they put you
tahelku - they put him
ntahelkunanak - they put us
ktahelkunanak - they put us
ktahelkuwaok - they put you all
tahelkuwoo - they put them

ktahel - I put you
ktaheluhemo - I put you all
ktaheluhena - we put you all

(16)

Plural Object

neyook - I see them
keneyook - you see them
mwilao - he gives them
neyowenanak - we see them
keneyowenanak - we see them
keneyowwaok - you all see them
weneyook - they see them

Plural Subject

nehkuk - they see me
kenehkuk - they see you
weneku - they see him
nehkuwenanak - they see us
kenehkuwenanak - they see us
kenehkuwook - they see you all
wenekuk - they see them

kenewel - I see you
keneweluhemo - I see you all
keneweluhena - we see you all

tel - to tell (it to) someone

(19)

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntela - tell him
ktela - you tell him
telao - he tells her/them
ntelawëna - we tell him
ktelawena - we tell him
ktelawa - you all tell him
telawoo - they tell him

Plural Object

ntelaok - I tell them
ktelaok - you tell them
telao - he tells them
ntelawenak - we tell them
ktelawenak - we tell them
ktelawwaok - you all tell them
telawoo - they tell him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntelekw - he tells me
ktelekw - he tells you
telku - he tells him
ntelkuna - he tells us
ktelkuna - he tells us
ktelkuwa - he tells you all
telkuwoo - he tells them

Plural Subject

ntelkuk - they tell me
ktelkuk - they tell you
telku - they tell him
ntelkunanak - they tell us
ktelkunanak - they tell us
ktelkuwaok - they tell you all
telkuwoo - they tell them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kteli - you tell me
ktelihemo - you all tell me
ktelihena - you all tell us

ktelel - I tell you
kteluhemo - I tell you all
kteluhena - we tell you all

NEW VERBS

to bathe someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntahixàmuhëla – I bathe him
ktahixàmuhëla – you bathe him
tòhixëmuhëlao – he bathed him
ntahixàmuhëlawena – we bathe him
ktahixàmuhëlawena – we bathe him
ktahixàmuhëlawawa – you all bathe him
tòhixëmuhëlawao – they bathe him

Plural Object

ntahixàmuhëlaok – I bathe them
ktahixàmuhëlaok – you bathe them
tòhixëmuhëlao – he bathes them
ntahixàmuhëlawenanak we bathe them
ktahixàmuhëlawenanak – we bathe them
ktahixàmuhëlawawaok – you all bathe them
tòhixëmuhëlawao – they bathe them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntahixàmuhèlakw – he bathes me
 ktahixàmuhèlakw – he bathes you
 tòhixèmuhèlku – he bathes him
 ntahixàmuhèlkuna – he bathes us
 ktahixàmuhèlkuna – he bathes us
 ktahixàmuhèlkuwa – he bathes you all
 tòhixèmuhèlkuwoo – he bathes them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktahixàmuhèli – you bathe me
 ktahixàmuhèlihena – you bathe us
 ktahixàmuhèlihemo – you all bathe me
 ktahixàmuhèlihena – you all bathe us

sihu – to beat someone (in competition)

DIRECT

Singular Object

nsihò – I beat him
 ksihò – you beat him
 wsihòò – he beat him
 nsihuvena – we beat him
 ksihuvena – we beat him
 ksihuwa – you all beat him
 wsihuwoo – they beat him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nsihukw – he beats me
 ksihukw – he beats you
 wsihuku – he beats him
 nsihukuna – he beats us
 ksihukuna – he beats us
 ksihukuwa – he beats you all
 wsihukuwoo – he beats them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ksihui – you beat me
 ksihuiena – you beat us
 ksihuiemo – you all beat me
 ksihuiena – you all beat us

Singular Object

ntahixàmuhèlkuk – they bathe me
 ktahixàmuhèlkuk – they bathe you
 tòhixèmuhèlku – they bathe him
 ntahixàmuhèlkunanak – they bathe us
 ktahixàmuhèlkunanak – they bathe us
 ktahixàmuhèlkuwaok – they bathe you all
 tòhixèmuhèlkuwoo – they bathe them

ktahixàmuhèlel – I bathe you
 ktahixàmuhèluhemo – I bathe you all
 ktahixàmuhèluhena – we bathe you
 ktahixàmuhèluhena – we bathe you all

Plural Object

nsihòòk – I beat them
 ksihòòk – you beat them
 wsihòò – he beat them
 nsihuvenanak – we beat them
 ksihuvenanak – we beat them
 ksihuwaok – you all beat them
 wsihuwoo – they beat them

Plural Subject

nsihukuk – they beat me
 ksihukuk – they beat you
 wsihuku – they beat him
 nsihukunanak – they beat us
 ksihukunanak – they beat us
 ksihukuwaok – they beat you all
 wsihukuwoo – they beat them

ksihul – I beat you
 ksihuhemo – I beat you all
 ksihuhemo – we beat you
 ksihuhena – we beat you all

to burn someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nlusa – I burned him
këlusa – you burned him
lusao – he burned him
nlusawena – we burned him
kelusawena – we burned him
(lusawëna – we burned him)
kelusawa – you all burned him
lusawao – they burned him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nlusùkw – he burned me
këlusukw – he burned you
lusku – he burned him
nluskuna – he burned us
keluskuna – he burned us
keluskuwa – he burned you all
luskuwoo – he burned them

LOCAL PARADIGM

këlusi – you burned me
këlusihena – you burned us
këlusihemo – you all burned me
këlusihena – you all burned us

tuhën / tun – to catch someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntuhëna – I catch him
ktuhëna – you catch him
twënao (tunao) – he catches him
ntuhënaawëna – we catch him
ktuhënaawëna – we catch him
ktuhënaawa – you all catch him
twënawoo – they catch him

Plural Object

nlusaok – I burned them
këlusaok – you burned them
lusao – he burned them
nlusawenanak – we burned them
klusawenanak – we burned them

kelusawaok – you all burned him
lusawao – they burned them

Plural Subject

nluskuk – they burned me
keluskuk – they burned you
lusku – they burned him
nluskunanak – they burned us
keluskunanak – they burned us
keluskuwaok – they burned you all
luskuwoo – they burned them

këlusul – I burned you
këlusuhemo – I burned you all
këlusuhena – we burned you all
këlusuhena – we burned you all

Plural Object

ntuhënaok – I catch them
ktuhënaok – you catch them
twënao – he catches them
ntuhënaawënanak – we catch them
ktuhënaawënanak – we catch them
ktuhënaawaok – you all catch them
twënawoo – they catch them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntunùkw – he catches me
ktunùkw – he catches you
twēnaku – he catches him
ntunùkuna – he catches us
ktunùkuna – he catches us
ktunùkuwa – he catches you all
twēnakuwoo – he catches the others

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktuni – you catch me
ktunihena – you catch us
ktunihemo – you all catch me
ktunihena – you all catch us

wixen – to cook animate object

(22)

DIRECT

Singular Object

newixena – I cook him
kewixena – you cook him
wixenao – he cooks him
newixenawena – we cook him
kewixenawena – we cook him
kewixenawa – you all cook him
wixenawao – they cook him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

newixenkukw – he cooks me
kewixenkukw – he cooks you
wixenku – he cooks him
newixenkuna – he cooks us
kewixenkuna – he cooks us
kewixenkuwa – he cooks you all
wixenkuwoo – he cooks them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kewixeni – you cook me
kewixenihena – you cook us
kewixenihemo – you all cook me
kewixenihena – you all cook us

Plural Subject

ntunùkuk – they catch me
ktunùkuk – they catch you
twēnaku – he catches him
ntunùkunanak – they catch us
ktunùkunanak – they catch us
ktunùkuwaok – they catch you all
twēnakuwoo – they catch the others

ktunël – I catch you
ktunuhemo – I catch you all
ktunuhena – we catch you
ktunuhena – we catch you all

Plural Object

newixenaok – I cook them
kewixenaok – you cook them
wixenao – he cooks them
newixenawenanak – we cook them
kewixenawenanak – we cook them
kewixenawaok – you all cook them
wixenawao – they cook them

Plural Subject

newixenkuk – they cook me
kewixenkuk – they cook you
wixenku – they cook him
newixenkunanak – they cook us
kewixenkunanak – they cook us
kewixenkuwaok – they cook you all
wixenkuwoo – they cook them

kewixenel – I cook you
kewixenuhemo – I cook you all
kewixenuhemo – we cook you
kewixenuhena – we cook you all

to dance with someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nëwitkëma – I dance with him
këwitkëma – you dance with him
witkëmao – he dances with him
nëwitkëmawena – we dance with him
këwitkëmawena – we dance with him
këwitkëmawa – you all dance with him
witkëmawoo – they dance with him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

witkëmùkw – he dances with me
këwitkëmakw – he dances with you
witkëmku – he dances with him
nëwitkëmkuna – he dances with us
këwitkëmkuna – he dances with us
këwitkëmkuwa – he dances with you all
witkëmkuwoo – he dances with them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kwitkëmi – you dance with me
kwitkëmihena – you dance with us
witkëmikw – you all dance with me
kwitkëmihena – you all dance with us

xam - to feed someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntaxama - I feed him
ktaxama - you feed him
taxamao - he feeds him
ntaxamawena - we feed him
ktaxamawena - we feed him
ktaxamawa - you all feed him
taxamawao - they feed him

Plural Object

nëwitkëmaok – I dance with them
këwitkëmaok – you dance with them
witkëmao – he dances with them
nëwitkëmawenanak – we dance with them
këwitkëmawenanak – we dance with them
këwitkëmawaok – you all dance with them
witkëmawoo – they dance with them

Plural Subject

nëwitkëmkuk – they dance with me
këwitkëmkuk – hey dance with you
witkëmku – they dance with him
nëwitkëmkunanak – they dance with us
këwitkëmkunanak they dance with us
këwitkëmkunaok – they dance with you all
witkëmkuwoo – they dance with them

kwitkëmël – I dance with you
kwitkëmuhemo – I dance with you all
kwitkëmuhena – We dance with you
kwitkëmuhena – We dance with you all

Plural Object

ntaxamaok - I feed them
ktaxamaok - you feed them
taxamao - he feeds them
ntaxamawenanak - we feed them
ktaxamawenanak - we feed them
ktaxamawaok - you all feed them
taxamawao - they feed them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntaxamukw - he feeds me
ktaxamukw - he feeds you
taxamku - he feeds him
ntaxamkuna - he feeds us
ktaxamkuna - he feeds us
ktaxamkuwa - he feeds you all
taxamkuwoo - he feeds them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktaxami – you feed me
ktaxamihena – you feed us
ktaxamihemo – you all feed me
ktaxamihena – you all feed us

to hate someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nshinkala – I hate him
kshinkala – you hate him
wshinkalao – he hates him
nshinkalawena – we hate him
kshinkalawena – we hate him
kshinkalawa – you all hate him
wshinkalawoo – they hate him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nshinkalkw – he hates me
kshinkalkw – he hates you
wshinkalku – he hates him
nshinkalkuna – he hates us
kshinkalkuna – he hates us
kshinkalkuwa – he hates you all
wshinkalkuwoo – he hates them

Plural Subject

ntaxamkuk - they feed me
taxamkuk - they feed you
taxamku - they feed him
ntaxamkunanak - they feed us
ktaxamkunanak - they feed us
ktaxamkuwaok - they feed you all
taxamkuwoo - they feed them

ktaxamel – I feed you
ktaxamuhemo – I feed you all
ktaxamuhena – we feed you
ktaxamuhena – we feed you all

Plural Object

nshinkalaok – I hate them
kshinkalaok – you hate them
wshinkalao – he hates them
nshinkalawenanak – we hate them
kshinkalawenanak – we hate them
kshinkalawaok – you all hate them
wshinkalawoo – they hate them

Plural Subject

nshinkalkuk – they hate me
kshinkalkuk – they hate you
wshinkalkuk – they hate him
nshinkalkunanak – they hate us
kshinkalkunanak – they hate us
kshinkalkuwaok – they hate you all
wshinkalkuwoo – they hate them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kshinkai – you hate me
kshinkaihena – you hate us
kshinkaihemo – you all hate me
kshinkaihena – you all hate us

pënta- to hear someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

mpëntao – I hear him
kpëntao – you hear him
pwentao – he hears him
mpëntawëna – we hear him
kpëntawena – we hear him
kpëntawa – you all hear him
pwentawoo – they hear him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

mpëntakw – he hears me
kpëntakw – he hears you
pwentaku – he hears him
mpëntakuna – he hears us
kpëntakuna – he hears us
kpëntakuwa – he hears you all
pwentakuwoo – he hears them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kpëntai – you hear me
kpëntaihëna – you hear us
kpëntaihëmo – you all hear me
kpëntaihëna – you all hear us

kshinkel – I hate you
kshinkuhemo – I hate you all
kshinkuhena – we hate you
kshinkuhena – we hate you all

Plural Object

mpëntaok – I hear them
kpëntaok – you hear them
pwentao – he hears them
mpentawenanak – we hear them
kpentawenanak – we hear them
kpëntawaok – you all hear them
pwentawoo – they hear them

Plural Subject

mpëntakuk – they hear me
kpëntakuk – they hear you
pwentaku – they hear him
mpëntakunanak – they hear us
kpëntakunanak – they hear us
kpëntakuwaok – they hear you all
pwentakuwoo – they hear them

kpëntel – I hear you
kpëntuhëmo – I hear you all
kpëntuhëna – we hear you
kpëntuhëna – we hear you all

to hide someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nkànhala – I hide him
kànhala – you hide him
kònhalao – he hides him
nkànhalawena – we hide him
kànhalawena – we hide him
kànhalawa – you all hide him
kònhalawao – they hide him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nkànhalakw – he hides me
kànhalakw – he hides you
kònhalku – he hides him
nkànhalkuna – he hides us
kànhalkuna – he hides us
kànhalkuwa – he hides you all
kònhalkuwoo – he hides them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kànhali – you hide me
kànhalihena – you hide us
kànhalihemo – you all hide me
kànhalihena – you all hide us

to hit someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

npakama – I hit him
kpakama – you hit him
pakamao – he hit him
npakamawana – we hit him
kpakamuhena – we hit you all
kpakamawa – you all hit him
pakamawao – they hit him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

Plural Object

nkànhalaok – I hide them
kànhalaok – you hide them
kònhalao – he hides them
nkànhalawenanak – we hide them
kànhalawenanak – we hide them
kànhalawaok – you all hide them
kònhalawao – they hide them

Plural Subject

nkànhalkuk – they hide me
kànhalkuk – they hide you
kònhalku – they hide him
nkànhalkunanak – they hide us
kànhalkunanak – they hide us
kànhalkuwaok – they hide you all
kònhalkuwoo – they hide them

kànhalel – I hide you
kànhaluhemo – I hide you all
kànhaluhena – we hide you
kànhaluhena – we hide you all

Plural Object

npakamaok – I hit them
kpakamaok – you hit them
pakamao – he hit them
npakamawanenak – we hit them
kpakamawanenak – we hit them
kpakamawaok – you all hit them
pakamawao – they hit them

Plural Subject

npakamakw – he hit me
kpakamakw – he hit you
pakamku – he hit him
npakamkuna – he hit us
kpakamkuna – he hit us
kpakamkuwa – he hit you all
pakamkuwoo – he hit them

npakamkuk – they hit me
kpakamkuk – they hit you
pakamku – they hit him
npakamkunenak – they hit us
kpakamkunenak – they hit us
kpakamkuwaok – they hit you all
pakamkuwoo – they hit them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kpakamai – you hit me
kpakamaihena – you hit us
kpakamaihemo – you all hit me
kpakamaihena – you all hit us

kpakamel – I hit you
kpakamuhemo – I hit you all
kpakamuhena – we hit you
kpakamuhena – we hit you all

to hug someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nkàhkàstèna – I hug him
kàhkàstèna – you hug him
kòskahtènao – he hugs him
nkàhkàstènaawena – we hug him
kàhkàstènaawena – we hug him
kàhkàstènaawa – you all hug him
kòskahtènaawao – they hug him

Plural Object

nkàhkàstènaok – I hug them
kàhkàstènaok – you hug them
kòskahtènao – he hugs them
nkàhkàstènaawenanak – we hug them
kàhkàstènaawenanak – we hug them
kàhkàstènaawaok – you all hug them
kòskahtènaawao – they hug them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nkàhkàstènakw – he hugs me
kàhkàstènakw – he hugs you
kòskahtènku – he hugs him
nkàhkàstènkuna – he hugs us
kàhkàstènkuna – he hugs us
kàhkàstènkuwa – he hugs you all
kòskahtènkuwoo – he hugs them

Plural Subject

nkàhkàstènkuk – they hug me
kàhkàstènkuk – they hug you
kòskahtènku – they hug him
nkàhkàstènkunanak – they hug us
kàhkàstènkunanak – they hug us
kàhkàstènkuwaok – they hug you all
kòskahtènkuwoo – they hug them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kàhkàstèni – you hug me
kàhkàstènihena – you hug us
kàhkàstènihemo – you all hug me
kàhkàstènihena – you all hug us

kàhkàstènel – I hug you
kàhkàstènuhemo – I hug you all
kàhkàstènuhena – we hug you
kàhkàstènuhena – we hug you all

to kick someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nshakhwikao – I kick him
kshakhwikao – you kick him
shòkhwikao – he kicks him
nshakhwikawena – we kick him
kshakhwikawena – we kick him
kshakhwikawa – you all kick him
shòkhwikawoo – they kick him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nshakhwikakw – he kicks me
kshakhwikakw – he kicks you
shòkhwikaku – he kicks him
nshakhwikakuna – he kicks us
kshakhwikakuna – he kicks us
kshakhwikuwa – he kicks you all
shòkhwikakuwoo – he kicks them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kshakhwikai – you kick me
kshakhwikihena – you kick us
kshakhwikhemo – you all kick me
kshakhwikihena – you all kick us

tàspën – to lift someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntàspëna – I lift him
ktàspëna – you lift him
tòspënao – he lifts him
ntàspënawena – we lift him
ktàspënawena – we lift him
ktàspënawa – you all lift him
tòspënawoo – they lift him

Plural Object

nshakhwikaok – I kick them
kshakhwikaok – you kick them
shòkhwikaok – he kicks them
nshakhwikawenanak – we kick them
kshakhwikawenanak – we kick them
kshakhwikawaok – you all kick them
shòkhwikawoo – they kick them

Plural Subject

nshakhwikakuk – they kick me
kshakhwikakuk – they kick you
shòkhwikakuk – they kick him
nshakhwikakunanak – they kick us
kshakhwikakunanak – they kick us
kshakhwikakuwaok – they kick you all
shòkhwikakuwoo – they kick them

kshakhwikul – I kick you
kshakhwikulhumo – I kick you all
kshakhwikuhena – we kick you
kshakhwikuhena – we kick you all

Plural Object

ntàspënaok – I lift them
ktàspënaok – you lift them
tòspënaok – he lifts them
ntàspënawenanak – we lift them
ktàspënawenanak – we lift them
ktàspënawaok – you all lift them
tòspënawoo – they lift them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntàspènùkw – he lifts me
ktàspènùkw – he lifts you
tòspènaku – he lifts him
ntàspènkuna – he lifts us
ktàspènkuna – he lifts us
ktàspèнкуwa – he lifts you all
tòspèнкуwoo – he lifts them

Plural Subject

ntàspènkuk – they lift me
ktàspènkuk – they lift you
tòspènaku – they lift him
ntàspènkunanak – they lift us
ktàspènkunanak – they lift us
ktàspèнкуwaok – they lift you all
tòspèнкуwoo – they lift them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktàspèni – you lift me
ktàspènihena – you lift us
ktàspènihemo – you all lift me
ktàspènihena – you all lift us

ktàspènəl – I lift you
ktàspènuhemo – I lift you all
ktàspènuhena – We lift you
ktàspènuhena – We lift you all

elahkèn – to paint someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntelahkèna – I paint him
ktelahkèna – you paint him
elahkènao – he paints him
ntelahkènawena – we paint him
ktelahkènawena – we paint him
ktelahkènawa – you all paint him
elahkènawoo – they paint him

Plural Object

ntelahkènaok – I paint them
ktelahkènaok – you paint them
elahkènao – he paints them
ntelahkènawenanak – we paint them
ktelahkènawenanak – we paint them
ktelahkènawaok – you all paint them
elahkènawoo – they paint them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntelahkènakw – he paints me
ktelahkènakw – he paints you
elahkèнку – he paints him
ntelahkènkuna – he paints us
ktelahkènkuna – he paints us
ktelahkèнкуwa – he paints you all
elahkèнкуwoo – he paints them

Plural Subject

ntelahkènkuk – they paint me
ktelahkènkuk – they paint you
elahkèнку – they paint him
ntelahkènkunanak – they paint us
ktelahkènkunanak – they paint us
ktelahkèнкуwaok – they paint you all
elahkèнкуwoo – they paint them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktelahkèni – you paint me
ktelahkènihena – you paint us
ktelahkènihemo – you all paint me
ktelahkènihena – you all paint us

ktelahkènəl – I paint you
ktelahkènuhemo – I paint you all
ktelahkènuhena – we paint you
ktelahkènuhena – we paint you all

to push someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nkēnhikao – I push him
kēnhikao – you push him
kwēnhikao – he pushes him
nkēnhikawena – we push him
kēnhikawena – we push him
kēnhikawa – you all push him
kwēnhikawoo – they push him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nkēnhikakw – he pushes me
kēnhikakw – he pushes you
kwēnhikaku – he pushes him
nkēnhikakuna – he pushes us
kēnhikakuna – he pushes us
kēnhikakuwa – he pushes you all
kwēnhikakuwoo – he pushes them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kēnhiki – you push me
kēnhikihena – you push us
kēnhikihemo – you all push me
kēnhikihena – you all push us

to spear animate object

DIRECT

Singular Object

ntānkāma – I spear him
ktānkāma – you spear him
tōnkāmao – he speared him
ntānkāmawena – we spear him
ktānkāmawena – we spear him
ktānkāmawa – you all spear him
tōnkāmawao – they spear him

Plural Object

nkēnhikaok – I push them
kkēnhikaok – you push them
kwēnhikao – he pushes them
nkēnhikawenanak – we push them
kēnhikawenanak – we push them
kēnhikawaok – you all push them
kwēnhikawoo – they push them

Plural Subject

nkēnhikakuk – they push me
kēnhikakuk – they push you
kwēnhiku – they push him
nkēnhikakunanak – they push us
kēnhikakunanak – they push us
kēnhikakuwaok – they push you all
kwēnhikakuwoo – they push them

kēnhikel – I push you
kēnhikuhemo – I push you all
kēnhikuhena – We push you
kēnhikuhena – We push you all

Plural Object

ntānkāmaok – I spear them
ktānkāmaok – you spear them
tōnkāmao – he spears them
ntānkāmawenanak – we spear them
ktānkāmawenanak – we spear them
ktānkāmawaok – you all spear them
tōnkāmawao – they spear them

INVERSE

Singular Subject

ntànkamùkw – he speared me
 ktànkamùkw – he spears you
 tònkàmku – he spears him
 ntànkamùkuna – he spears us
 ktànkamùkuna – he spears us
 ktànkamùkuwa – he spears you all
 tònkàmkuwoo – he spears them

LOCAL PARADIGM

ktànkàmi – you spear me
 ktànkàmihena – you spear us
 ktànkàmihemo – you all spear me
 ktànkàmihena – you all spear us

to throw water on someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nuskënëpala – I throw water on him
 kuskënëpala – you throw water on him
 wuskënëpalao – he throws water on him
 nuskënëpalawena – we throw water on him
 kuskënëpalawena – we throw water on him
 kuskënëpalawa – you all throw water on him
 wuskënëpalawao – they throw water on him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nuskënëpalùkw – he throws water on me
 kuskënëpalùkw – he throws water on you
 wuskënëpalku – he throws water on him
 nuskënëpalkuna – he throws water on us
 kuskënëpalkuna – he throws water on us
 kuskënëpalkuwa – he throws water on you all
 wuskënëpalkuwoo – he throws water on them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kënuskënëpali – you throw water on me
 kënuskënëpalihena – you throw water on us
 kënuskënëpalihemo – you all throw water on me
 kënuskënëpalihena – you all throw water on us

Plural Subject

ntànkamùkuk – they spear me
 ktànkamùkuk – they spear you
 tònkàmku – they spear him
 ntànkamùkunanak – they spear us
 ktànkamùkunanak – they spear us
 ktànkamùkuwaok – they spear you all
 tònkàmkuwoo – they spear them

ktànkàmel – I spear you
 ktànkàmuhemo – I spear you all
 ktànkàmuhena – we spear you
 ktànkàmuhena – we spear you all

Plural Object

nuskënëpalaok – I throw water on them
 kuskënëpalaok – you throw water on them
 wuskënëpalao – he throws water on them
 nuskënëpalawenanak – we throw water on them
 kuskënëpalawenanak – we throw water on them
 kuskënëpalawenaok – you all throw water on them
 wuskënëpalawao – they throw water on them

Plural Subject

nuskënëpalkuk – they throw water on me
 kuskënëpalkuk – they throw water on you
 wuskënëpalku – they throw water on him
 nuskënëpalkunanak – they throw water on us
 kuskënëpalkunanak – they throw water on us
 kuskënëpalkuwaok – they throw water on you all
 wuskënëpalkuwoo – they throw water on them

kënuskënëpalël – I throw water on you
 kënuskënëpalhumo – I throw water on you all
 kënuskënëpalhuna – we throw water on you
 kënuskënëpalhuna – we throw water on you all

to touch someone

DIRECT

Singular Object

nkikëna – I touch him
kikëna – you touch him
kikënao – he touches him
nkikënaawena – we touch him
kikënaawena – we touch him
kikënaawa – you all touch him
kikënaawoo – they touch him

INVERSE

Singular Subject

nkikënukw – he touches me
kikënukw – he touches you
nkikëнку – he touches him
nkikënkuna – he touches us
kikënkuna – he touches us
kikëнкуwa – he touches you all
kikëнкуwoo – touches them

LOCAL PARADIGM

kikëni – you touch me
kikënihena – you touch us
kikënihemo – you all touch me
kikënihena – you all touch us

Plural Object

nkikënaok – I touch them
kikënaok – you touch them
kikënao – he touches them
nkikënaawenanak – we touch them
kikënaawenanak – we touch them
kikënaawaok – you all touch them
kikënaawoo – they touch them

Plural Subject

nkikënkuk – they touch me
kikënkuk – they touch you
kikëнку – they touch him
nkikënkunanak – they touch us
kikënkunanak – they touch us
kikëнкуwaok – they touch you all
kikëнкуwoo – they touch them

kikënel – I touch you
kikënuhemo – I touch you all
kikënuhena – we touch you
kikënuhena – we touch you all